

Seismic survey and bathymetry

A seismic survey was conducted on the lake using echosounder (SES 2000light, Innomar Technologie) with a primary frequency of 100 kHz and a secondary frequency range of 4 – 15 kHz with inbuilt geographical positioning system. From the seismic survey 10 seismic profiles were obtained (supplementary Fig. 1). Bathymetry of the lake was determined by manually digitizing the sediment water interface in ISE 2.91 software and data interpolation in ArcGIS software.

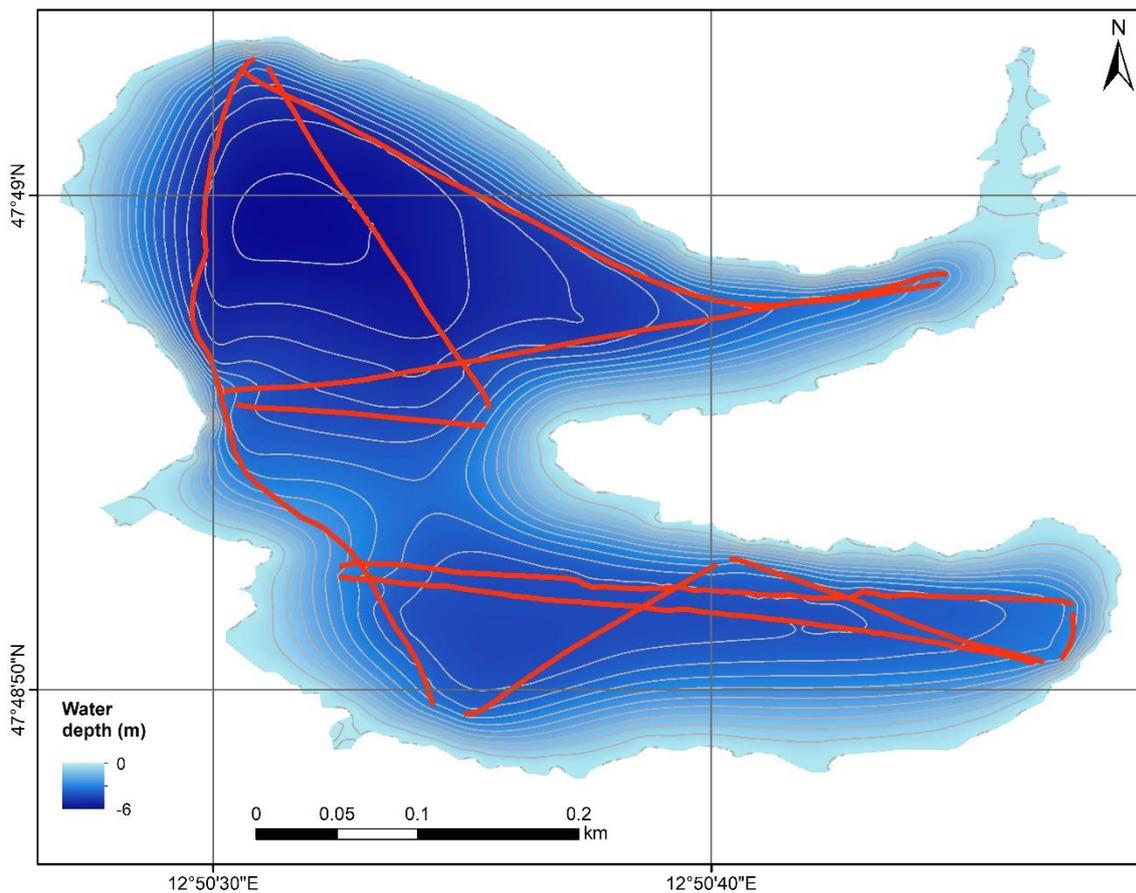


Figure S1: Bathymetric map of Lake Höglwörth and locations of seismic profiles indicated by red lines.

Composite Höglwörth Sediment Core

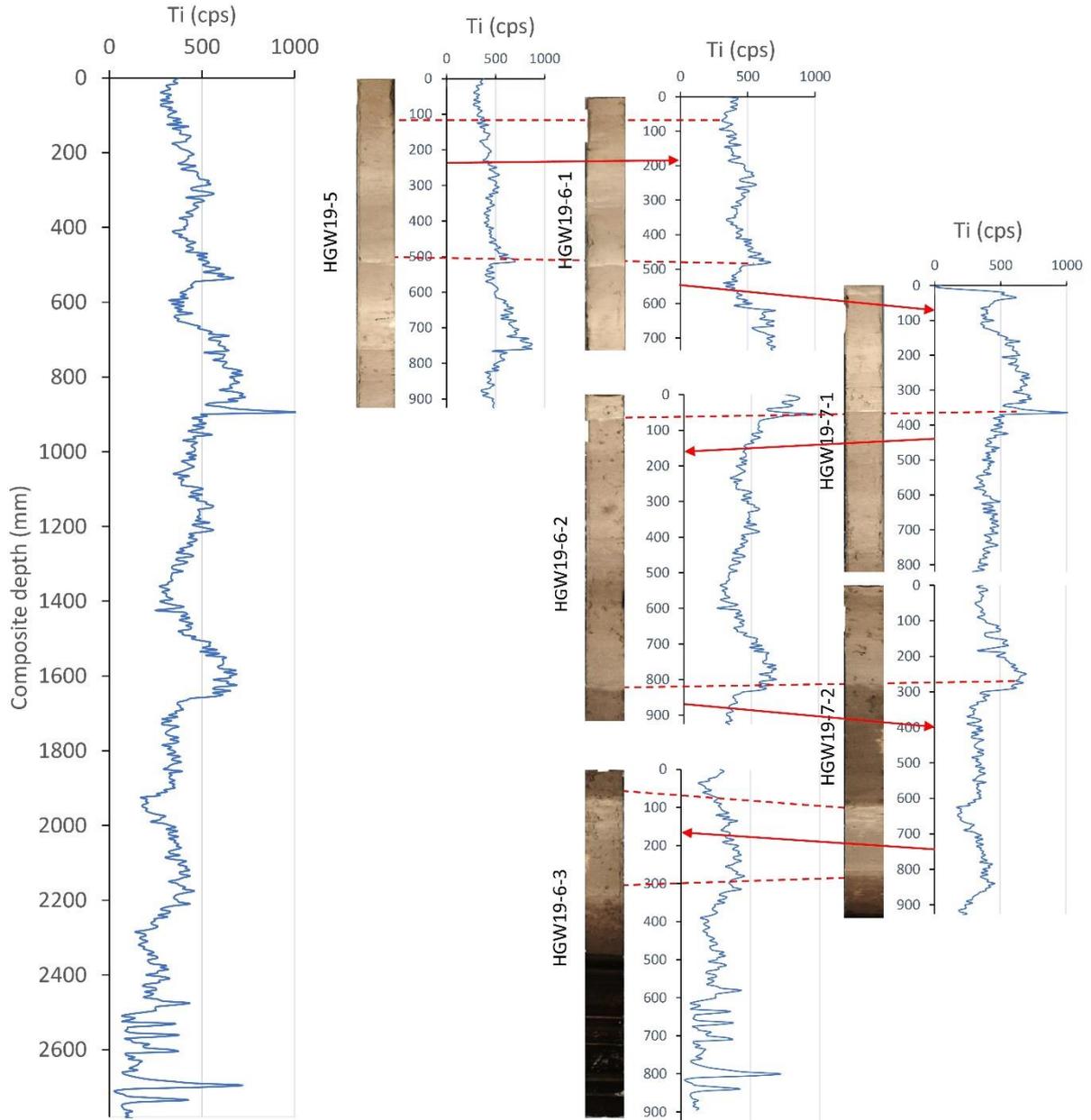


Figure S2: Composite of Lake Höglwörth sediment core derived from variations in sediment colour and Ti (cps) content. Dashed and solid red lines indicate core parallelization and core depths used to determine composite depth. Core pictures were brightness and contrast enhanced.

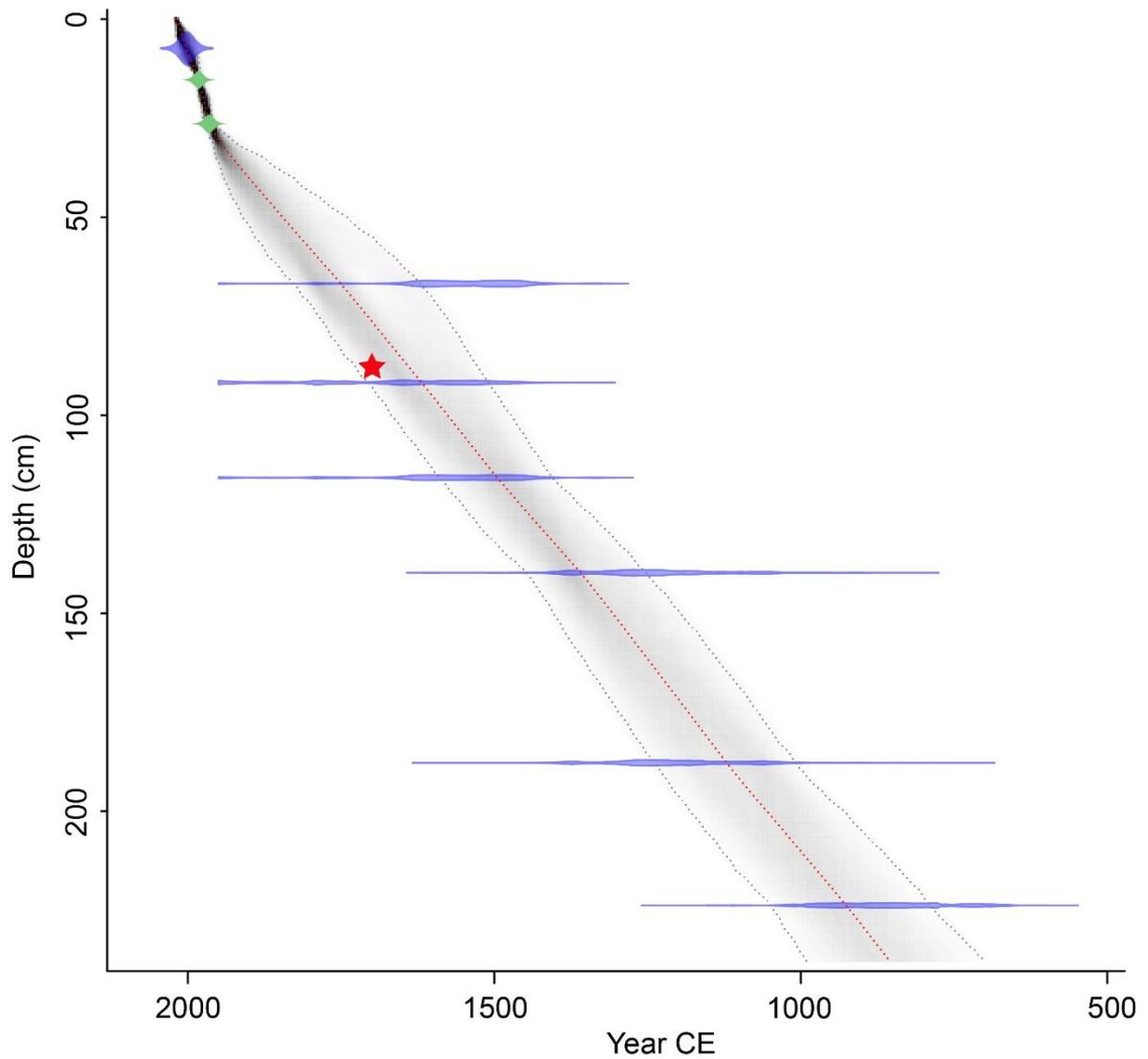


Figure S3: Age-depth model for the Lake Höglwörth composite sediment core based on calibrated radiocarbon ages are displayed as probability density functions of the 2σ distributions indicated by a blue symbol and ^{137}Cs -ages shown in green. Red star indicates the tie point at 88 cm presumed to be related to mill construction in 1701 CE.



Figure S4a: Taxa found in the sediment core from Lake Höglwörth (part 1)

1) *Candona candida* (internal view), 2) *Cypridopsis vidua* (internal view), 3) *Cypria optalmica* (internal view), 4) *Darwinula stevensoni* (external view), 5) *Limnocythere inopinata* (external view), 6) *Cyclocypris* sp. (internal view), 7) *Sarscypridopsis aculeata* (external view), 8) *Metacypris cordata* (external view), 9) *Notodromas monacha* (internal view), 10) testate amoebae?, aperture (a), side view (b), 11) *Plumatella fruticosa*, 12) *Diffflugia oblonga*, aperture (a), side view: edged (b), short (c), long (d), 13) green egg, 14) *Plumatella casmiana*, top view (a), bottom view (b), 15) *Diffflugia bidens*, aperture (a), side view (b), 16) *Diffflugia corona*, aperture (a), side view (b), 17) polyhedral egg, 18) black egg, 19) *Plumatella geimermassardi*, top view (a), bottom view (b), 20) *Diffflugia urceolata*, aperture (a), side view (b), 21) *Hippuris* (?), aperture (extracted) (a), side view (b), 22) glochidia of unionid Bivalvia, 23) *Plumatella repens*, top view (a), bottom view (b), 24) ephippia of Cladocera, 25) oribatid mite, dorsal view

(a), ventral view (b), 26) cuticle of Bryozoa, top view (HGW21-HR-94), 27) Charophyta, side view (HGW21-HR-89), 28) insect eye (HGW21-HR-14), 29) seed, side view (HGW21-13), 30) *Juncus?*, side view (HGW21-13), 31) seed, side view (HGW21-HR-22).

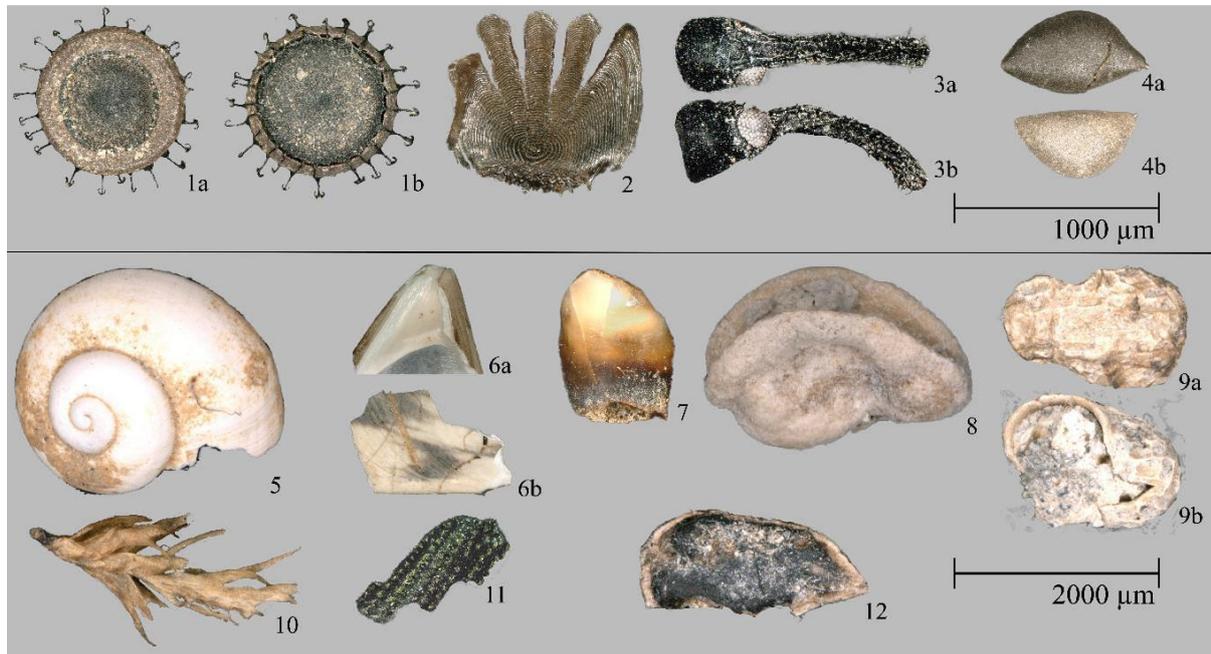


Figure S4b: Taxa found in the core from Lake Höglwörth (part 2)

1) *Cristatella mucedo*, top view (a), bottom view (b), 2) fish scale (HGW21-HR-78), 3) weevil of Curculionidae, top view (a), side view (b) (HGW21-HR-75), 4) *Schoenoplectus?*, top view (a), side view (b), 5) *Valvata piscinalis* (HGW21-3), 6) *Dreissena polymorpha*, vertebrae (a), shell (b), 7) fish tooth (HGW21-HR-78), 8) *Potamogeton* (HGW21-19), 9) *Ajuga reptans?*, top view (a), bottom view (b) (HGW21-HR-42), 10) Bryophyta (HGW21-HR-93), 11) insect skin, top view (HGW21-HR-14), 12) *Festuca* (?), inner view (HGW21-HR-39).

Table S1: Taxa of composite sediment core from Lake Höglwörth

Mollusca	Ostracoda
Bivalvia: Unionidae, glochids <i>Dreissena polymorpha</i> (Pallas 1771)	<i>Candona candida</i> (O.F. Müller 1774) <i>Cyclocypris</i> sp. <i>Cypria ophtalmica</i> (Jurine 1820) <i>Cypridopsis vidua</i> (O.F. Müller 1776) <i>Darwinula stevensoni</i> (Brady & Robertson 1870)
Gastropoda: <i>Valvata piscinalis</i> (O.F. Müller 1774)	<i>Limnocythere inopinata</i> (Baird 1843) <i>Metacypris cordata</i> Brady & Robertson 1870 <i>Notodromas monacha</i> (O.F. Müller 1776) <i>Sarscypridopsis aculeata</i> (Costa, 1847)
Bryozoa	Plants
<i>Cristatella mucedo</i> Cuvier 1798 <i>Plumatella casmiana</i> Oka 1907 <i>Plumatella fruticosa</i> Allman 1844 <i>Plumatella geimermassardi</i> Wood & Okamura 2004 <i>Plumatella repens</i> (Linnaeus 1758)	<i>Ajuga reptans</i> Linnaeus 1778 <i>Festuca</i> sp. <i>Hippuris</i> sp. <i>Juncus</i> sp. <i>Potamogeton</i> sp. <i>Schoenoplectus</i> sp.
Testate amoebae	
<i>Diffflugia bidens</i> Penard 1902 <i>Diffflugia corona</i> Wallich 1864 <i>Diffflugia oblonga</i> Ehrenberg 1832 <i>Diffflugia urceolata</i> Carter 1864	
Oribatida	Charophyta
unidentified taxa	oospores
Cladocera	Coleoptera
ephippia	Curculionidae
Zebra mussel	
<i>Dreissena</i>	